# PSYCHOPATHOLOGY PC 322-3

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## **Course Description:**

This course introduces students to current research, theory and clinical practices related to multicultural assessment of psychopathology in a systemic and critical theologically framework. This course will: (1) examine intrapersonal, systemic, biomedical, social and spiritual frameworks for understanding non-normative human behavior and its treatment; and (2) examine how psychiatric diagnosis interacts with oppression, discrimination and trauma, as well as racial, cultural, sexual and ethnic differences. Students will be introduced to assessment tools and practices appropriate to DSM 5 diagnosis and its use in Marriage and Family Therapy and pastoral counseling.

# **Objectives and Expected Student Learning Outcomes**

By the end of the semester, students will:	Student Learning Outcomes (SLO) & MFT Communication (Ca)	Signature Assignment/Assessment
	Competencies (C:)	
Understand the rationale, research and process for how major child and adult mental disorders are organized by psychiatrists and psychologists.	sLO 1: able to conduct multicultural, evidence-based therapy with individuals, couples and families that meets entry-level professional standards C: 2.1.2: Understand major behavioral health disorders C: 2.1.5Understand current models of assessment	Attendance Mid-term and Final Examination
Understand and appropriate in clinical practice contemporary theories of how intrapsychic factors, interpersonal systems, medical/biology, gender and cultural norms, and systems of power contribute to how psychiatric diagnosis is organized and used.	SLO 4: able to use a multicultural approach to Marriage and Family Therapy that attends appropriately to religious, cultural, racial, economic, gender, and sexual orientation diversity in client systems, client-therapist systems, supervisory systems, and broader social systems.  C: 2.1.6 Understand strengths and limits of diagnosis in multicultural context  C: 2.2.5 Consider physical & organic problems  C:2.3.1Diagnosesystemical ly and contextually  C: 2.4.3Evaluate accuracy and cultural relevance ofdiagnosis	Attendance Diagnostic Evaluations Summaries Family Therapy, Education & Care Plans

Be able demonstrate broad knowledge of	SLO 1: able to conduct	Final Examination
major categories of mental illness and how	multicultural, evidence-based	
these are organized in the DSM 5.	therapy with individuals, couples	
1	and families that meets entry-	
	level professional standards.	
	C: 2.1.2: Understand major	
	behavioral health disorders	
	C:2.1.5 Understand current	
	models of assessment	
Be able to demonstrate basic competency and	SLO 1: able to conduct	Diagnostic Evaluations &
awareness of MFT scope of practice in	multicultural, evidence-based	Summaries
identifying and using appropriate assessment	therapy with individuals, couples	Family Therapy, Education and
tools related to the DSM 5 and clinical	and families that meets entry-	Care Plans
diagnosis.	level professional standards.	Final Exam
diagnosis.	level professional standards.	Tilla Exam
	C: 2.1.4assessment	
	instruments	
	C: 5.3.7 Practice within defined	
	scope of practice and	
	competence	
Be able to complete a clinical assessment	SLO 1: able to conduct	Diagnostic Evaluations &
appropriately using the DSM 5 classification	multicultural, evidence-based	Summaries
system in a family therapy context that	therapy with individuals, couples	
incorporates both a systemic clinical or	and families that meets entry-	
postmodern frame for assessment	level professional standards.	
positione and indicate the description of the property of the	SLO 4: able to use a	
	multicultural approach to	
	Marriage and Family Therapy	
	that attends appropriately to	
	religious, cultural, racial,	
	economic, gender, and sexual	
	orientation diversity in client	
	systems, client-therapist	
	systems, supervisory systems,	
	and broader social systems	
	C: 2.2.2 systematically	
	integrate client report,	
	observationstest resultsto	
	guide assessment process	
	C: 2.2.3 Develop hypotheses re:	
	relational patterns and extra-	
	therapeutic factors	
	C: 2.3.1 Diagnose	
	systemically and contextually	
	C: 2.3.6Assess familyusing	
	a genogram or other instruments	
Be able to summarize the results of assessment	SLO 1: be able to conduct	Diagnostic Evaluations &
in clinical records with appropriate attention to	multicultural, evidence-based	Summaries
risk assessment, referral, systemic	therapy with individuals, couples	
implications and communal/contextual factors,	and families that meets entry-	
and implications for treatment.	level professional standards.	
	SLO 4: will be able to use a	
	multicultural approach to	
	Marriage and Family Therapy	
	that attends appropriately to	
	religious, cultural, racial,	
	economic, gender, and sexual	

	orientation diversity in client systems, client-therapist systems, supervisory systems, and broader social systems.  C: 1.2.3 Recognize issues thatsuggest referral for specialized evaluationcare  C: 2.1.2 Understand major behavioral health disorders  C: 2.2.4 Consider the influence of treatment onrelationships  C: 2.2.5 Consider physical & organic problems	
Demonstrate their ability to discuss ethical and critical pastoral and theological issues related to mental illness and diagnosis	SLO 5: able to use a theologically informed and clinically appropriate framework to integrate religious and spiritual factors into the practice of Marriage and Family Therapy.  C: 5.2.2Recognize ethical dilemmas	Theological Reflection Paper

**Multicultural Therapy Definition:** Multicultural Therapy, according to D. W. Sue and Torino (2005, p 3) "...can be defined as both a helping role and process that uses modalities and defines goals consistent with the life experiences and cultural values of clients, recognizes client identities to include individual, group, and universal dimensions, advocates the use of universal and culture-specific strategies and roles in the healing process, and balances the importance of individualism and collectivism in the assessment, diagnosis, and treatment of client and client systems." Multicultural competence as a therapist includes: (1) therapist awareness of personal assumptions, values and biases, (2) understanding the worldview of diverse clients, and (3) facility with appropriate strategies and interventions consistent with the life experiences and values of culturally different clients. (Sue & Sue 2008)

Evidence-based Practice Definition: EBP is a "...practice-friendly approach to using research to enhance family therapy" (Gehard, 2010, 133). This approach looks to research to help clinicians make decisions in therapy about care for individual clients, couples and families. Evidence-based practice will (1) look to research for information about what treatments are most effective for specific problems, (2) critically examine that research for its validity and applicability to specific cases, and (3) evaluate how effective a selected method is for specific clients, couples and families (for example, using the ORS/SRS).

#### **Assignments:**

Assignment	Details	Due
		Date
Diagnostic Evaluation Summaries (25% of	First Evaluation:	2/24
grade)	<ul> <li>Mental Status Exam</li> </ul>	
	Evaluation and Diagnosis 1	
In no more than three pages, write the results of a	<ul> <li>Interview observations</li> </ul>	
diagnostic evaluation with a client. Be sure to:	<ul> <li>Mental Status Exam</li> </ul>	

	Cross-Cutting
1. Protect confidentiality as per program policies.	Measures
Include elements descried with each assignment.	Preliminary Diagnosis
	Immediate safety or
2. Pay careful attention to clinical logic. That is,	other intervention
presenting problem, interview observations, mental	needed
status, clinical measures should work together to	Evaluation and Diagnosis 2
provide a clinical picture that justifies any DSM 5	Interview observations
diagnosis. A reader not familiar with the case	Mental Status Exam
should be able to read your report and see adequate	Cross-Cutting
justification for any diagnosis you make.	Measures
2. Attend to multicultural concerns and issues	Other measures
3. Attend to multicultural concerns and issues.	<ul> <li>Preliminary Diagnosis</li> </ul>
4. Attend to necessary safety plans and mandatory	Immediate safety or
reporting	other intervention
Toporms	needed
5. Address any ethical concerns arising from	Evaluation and Diagnosis 3
assessment.	Interview observations
	Mental Status Exam
6. When reporting diagnosis, use BOTH DSM	Cross-Cutting
codes and ICD 10 codes.	Measures
	Other measures
	Preliminary Diagnosis
	Immediate safety or
	other intervention
	needed Evaluation and Diagnosis 4
	Interview observations
	Mental Status Exam
	• Cross-Cutting
	Measures
	Other measures
	Preliminary Diagnosis
	Immediate safety or
	other intervention
	needed
Family Education and Family Care/Therapy	Diagnosis of Post-Traumatic
Plans (25% of grade)	Stress Disorder in family
	member
In this assignment, students will examine how an	
individual family member's diagnosis of a mental	Diagnosis of Major
disorder is integrated into family therapy and	Depressive Disorder in family
family care. For this assignment assume that your client family arrives in your office with a family	member
member diagnosed with the assigned mental	
member diagnosed with the assigned inclide	

disorder. The family is seeking help to understand and cope with this new diagnosis.	Diagnosis of Bipolar Disorder or Schizophrenia in family member	
In a 3-5 page paper:	memoer	
1. Develop an educational outline to help you help the family understand the nature, progression and treatment of the disorder;		
2. Describe any necessary safety plans that might be necessary to work with this family in therapy; and	Student choice: Diagnosis of in family member	
3. State two realistic treatment goals for the family speak to their presenting problem/request and provides a framework of hope for the family.		
Theological Reflection Paper (10% of grade)		
In a 5 page paper describe:		
<ol> <li>Your theological understanding of mental illness. Draw on your own religious tradition, scripture, and theological studies to describe what you believe theologically about mental illness and mental health.</li> <li>Your pastoral position for working with persons diagnosed with mental illness. Be sure to include consideration of life in community, spiritual development, your pastoral actions and responsibilities.</li> </ol>		
Midterm Content Examination (20% of grade)		
Final Content Examination (comprehensive) (20% of grade)		
Student Exam Options: (1) Students may opt to take both mid-term and final. The grades of these two exams will be averaged for a total of 40% of the final semester grade. (2) Students may take only the final comprehensive exam for 40% of the final grade.		
Regular attendance and participation in class is required. Participants are expected to be on time. Conflicts with scheduling clients or other avoidable schedule conflicts are not acceptable reasons to be late to class. Each class session accounts for one week of class, leaving little room for absences, excused or unexcused. Unexcused absences will affect class grades.		

# **Required Texts and Reading:**

Craighead, W.E.; Miklowitz, D. J. & Craighead, L.W. (2013). *Psychopathology: history, diagnosis and empirical foundations*. New York: Wiley.

American Psychiatric Association. (2013). The diagnostic and statistical manual of mental

- disorders. Washington, DC: The American Psychiatric Association.
- Rodgerson, T. E. (2012). Apophatic attending: an essential for pastoral diagnosis. *The Journal of Pastoral Care and Counseling*, 66 (1), 1-8.
- Townsend, L. L. (2013). Best practices: Rethinking pastoral diagnosis. *Sacred Spaces: The e-journal of the American Association of Pastoral Counselors*, *5*, 66-101.

## Other Helpful Texts

- Jordan, M. (1988). *Taking on the gods: The task of the pastoral counselor*. Nashville, TN: Abingdon.
- Josephson, A. & Peteet, J. (2003). *Handbook of spirituality and worldview in clinical practice*. Arlington, VA: American Psychiatric Pub.
- L'Abate, L. Family assessment: A psychological approach. Thousand Oaks, CA: Sage.
- Mackenna, C. (2013). Some theological, psychoanalytic and cultural reflections on the practice of christian deliverance ministry in the light of clinical and pastoral experience. In C. H. Cook (Ed.), *Spirituality, theology and mental health* (pp. 75-93). London: SCM Press.
- Oates, W. E. (1970). When religion gets sick. Philadelphia: Westminster Press.
- Oates, W. E. (1987). *Behind the masks: Personality disorders in religious behavior*. Philadelphia: Westminster Press.
- Podmore, S. D. (2013). My god, my god, why have you forsaken me? Between consolation and desolation. In C. H. Cook (Ed.), *Spirituality, theology and mental health*. London: SCM Press.
- Pruyser, P. (1976). The minister as diagnostician. Philadelphia: Westminster Press.
- Rigazio-DiGilio, et.al. (2005). *Community genogram: Using individual, family and cultural narratives with clients.* New York: Teachers College Press.
- Roth, A. & Fonagy, P. (2005). What works for whom? NY: Guildford Press.
- Ryan, C. E., Epstein, N. B., Keitner, G.I., Miller, I.W., Bishop, D.S. (2005). *Evaluating and treating families: the McMaster approach*. NY: Routledge.

# Schedule

# Schedule may be adjusted based on progress through material during the semester

Date	Reading	Lecture and Discussion
2/10	Session 1: Craighead, Ch. 1 - Townsend (2013) -DSM 5, pp. 1-24; 733-759: Session 2: Lecture	Session 1 Introduction to Psychopathology Psychopathology & Cultural Problematics Diagnosis—Systemic, multicultural, contextual, theological framework Process of Diagnosis & use of DSM 5 Session 2 Neurobiological Foundations
2/17	Session 1: Lecture	Session 1: Neurobiology continued  Session 2:  Mental Status Exam Clinical Interviewing Inventories & cross-cutting measures Writing Assessment Reports
2/24	Session 1: DSM 5, pp. 31-86 Session 2: Craighead, Ch. 3; DSM 5, pp. 235-264	Session 1: Neurodevelopmental Disorders Session 2: Obsessive Compulsive Disorder  Due: Mental Status Report
3/2	Session 1: Craighead, Ch. 4; DSM 5, pp. 222-226 Session 2: Craighead, Ch. 5; DSM 5. pp. 202-208	Session 1: Generalized Anxiety Disorder  Session 2: Social Anxiety Disorder  Due: Evaluation and Diagnosis 1
3/9	Session 1: Craighead, Ch. 6; DSM 5, pp. 208-221 Session 2: Clinical Applications	Session 1: Panic Disorder  Session 2: Clinical Concerns—Assessment procedures, report writing, legal and ethical, etc.
3/16	Research and Study	
3/21- 3/25		Due: Midterm exam option may be taken in the library
3/23	Session 1: Craighead. Ch. 7; DSM 5, pp.271-280 Session 2: DSM-5 591-643	Session 1: Posttraumatic Stress Disorder  Session 2: Neurocognitive disorders: Guest speaker, Kent Hicks  Due: Diagnosis and Evaluation 2
3/30	Session 1: Craighead, Ch. 8; DSM 5 pp.160-168 Session 2: Craighead, Ch.9; DSM 5 pp. 168-171	Session 1: Major Depressive Disorder Session 2: Persistent Depressive Disorder

		Due: Family Education/Care PlanPTSD
4/6	Session 1: Craighead, Ch. 10; DSM 5 pp. 123-139	Session 1: Bipolar Disorders (I and II)
	Session 2: Craighead, Ch. 11; DSM 5 pp. 99-122	Session 2: Schizophrenia & Psychosis Spectrum
		Due: Diagnosis and Evaluation 3
4/13	Session 1: Craighead, Ch. 12; DSM 5 pp. 345-350	Session 1: Bulimia & Binge Eating
	Session 2: Craighead Ch.13; DSM 5 pp. 338-345	Session 2: Anorexia Nervosa
		Due: Family Education/Care Plan—Major Depressive Disorder
4/20	Session 1: Craighead, Ch. 14; DSM 5 pp. 663-666	Session 1: Borderline Personality Disorder
	Session 2: Craighead, Ch. 15; DSM 5 pp. 490-497	Session 2: Alcohol Use Disorder
		Due: Family Education/Care Plan—Bipolar Disorder or Schizophrenia
4/27	Session 1: Craighead, Ch. 16; DSM 5 pp. 645-684	Session 1: Personality Disorders
	Session 2: Craighead, Ch. 17; DSM 5 pp. 423-450 (peruse DSM 5 pp. 685-6, 694-5, 695-7)	Session 2: Sexual Dysfunction
	DSM 3 pp. 003 0, 071 3, 073 7)	Due: Diagnosis and Evaluation 4
5/4	Session 1: Craighead, Ch. 18; DSM 5 pp. 361-422	Session 1: Sleep Disorders
	Session 2: Conclusion: Integrating pastoral and theological concerns in diagnosis	Session 2: Class discussion
		Due: Family Education/Care Plan—Student Choice
5/13		Due: Final comprehensive exam on computers in library

# **Class Policies**

# Grading: Grade Scale and Philosophy

- A 96.6-100
- A- 93.6-96.5
- B+ 90.6-93.5
- B 87.6-90.5
- C 85.6-87.5
- C+ 83.6-85.5
- C 81.6-83.5
- C- 79.6-81.5
- D 70.6-79.5
- F Below 70.6

Individuals admitted to graduate study are expected to perform consistently and well in academic work. This is translated into grades in the following way:

- 1. Basic mastery of the body of knowledge at a level expected in graduate study will earn scores in the B to B+ range.
- 2. Grades of A- are granted for work which demonstrates
  - basic mastery of the body of knowledge, and
  - independent thought about the subject matter.
- 3. Grades of A are granted for work which demonstrates
  - mastery of the required body of knowledge,
  - independent thought about the subject matter, and
  - creative/integrative use of the material, exceptional writing which integrates the material into a student's own system of thought, and/or exceptionally well done or articulate research.

### **Seminary Policies**

### 1. Use of Inclusive Language

In accordance with seminary policy, students are to use inclusive language in class discussions and in written and oral communication by using language representative of the whole human community in respect to gender, sexual orientation, ethnicity, age, and physical and intellectual capacities. Direct quotations from theological texts and translations of the Bible do not have to be altered to conform to this policy. In your own writing, however, when referring to God, you are encouraged to use a variety of images and metaphors, reflecting the richness of the Bible's images for God. See for further assistance, http://www.lpts.edu/academics/academic-resources/academic-support-center/online-writing-lab/avoiding-gender-bias.

## 2. Academic Honesty

All work turned in to the instructors is expected to be the work of the student whose name appears on the assignment. Any borrowing of the ideas or the words of others must be acknowledged by quotation marks (where appropriate) and by citation of author and source. Use of another's language or ideas from online resources is included in this policy, and must be attributed to author and source of the work being cited. Failure to do so constitutes plagiarism, and may result in failure of the course. Two occurrences of plagiarism may result in dismissal from the Seminary. Students unfamiliar with issues related to academic honesty can find help from the staff in the Academic Support Center. For the Seminary policy, see The Code of Student Conduct, 6.11; the Student Handbook, p. 19.

#### 3. Special Accommodations

Students requiring accommodations for a documented physical or learning disability should be in contact with the Director of the Academic Support Center (kmapes@lpts.edu) during the first

two weeks of a semester (or before the semester begins) and should speak with the instructor as soon as possible to arrange appropriate adjustments. Students with environmental or other sensitivities that may affect their learning are also encouraged to speak with the instructor.

# 4. Citation Policy

Citations in your papers should follow Seminary standards, which are based on these guides: American Psychological Association. *Publication Manual of the American Psychological Association*. 6th ed. Washington, DC: American Psychological Association, 2010. Turabian, Kate L., Wayne C. Booth, Gregory G. Colomb, and Joseph M. Williams. *A Manual for Writers of Research Papers, Theses, and Dissertations: Chicago Style for Students and Researchers*. 8th ed. Chicago: University of Chicago Press, 2013. *The Chicago Manual of Style*. 16th ed. Chicago: University of Chicago Press, 2010. Copies of these guides are available at the library and in the Academic Support Center.

### **5. Attendance Policy**

According to the Seminary catalog, students are expected to attend class meetings regularly. In case of illness or emergency, students are asked to notify the instructor of their planned absence from class, either prior to the session or within 24 hours of the class session.